

SUB

larly the cube of a quarter foot, their well-known palm: this is the course taken for our gallon, which has the pint for its *suboctave*. *Arbutnot on Coins.*

SUBORDINACY. } *n. f.* [from *subordinate*.] *Subordinacy* is the proper and analogical word.

1. The state of being subject.
Pursuing the imagination through all its extravagancies, is no improper method of correcting, and bringing it to act in *subordinacy* to reason. *Spettator.*
2. Series of subordination.
The *subordinacy* of the government changing hands so often, makes an unsteadiness in the pursuit of the publick interests. *Temple.*

SUBORDINATE. *adj.* [from *ordinatus*, Latin.]

1. Inferior in order; in nature; in dignity or power.
It was *subordinate*, not enslaved to the understanding; not as a servant to a master, but as a queen to her king, who acknowledges a subjection, and yet retains a majesty. *South's Sermons.*

Whether dark prefaces of the night proceed from any latent power of the soul, during her abstraction, or from any operation of *subordinate* spirits, has been a dispute. *Addison.*

2. Defending in a regular series.
The two armies were assigned to the leading of two generals, rather courtiers than martial men, yet assisted with *subordinate* commanders of great experience. *Bacon.*

His next *subordinate* Awakened, thus to him in secret spake. *Milton.*

These carry such plain characters of disagreement or affinity, that the several kinds and *subordinate* species of each are easily distinguished. *Woodward.*

TO SUBORDINATE. *v. a.* [from *sub* and *ordino*, Latin.] To range under another. Not in use, but proper and elegant.

If I have *subordinated* picture and sculpture to architecture as their mistress, so there are other inferior arts subordinate to them. *Watson.*

SUBORDINATELY. *adv.* [from *subordinate*.] In a series regularly descending.

It being the highest step of ill, to which all others *subordinately* tend, one would think it could be capable of no improvement. *Decay of Piety.*

SUBORDINATION. *n. f.* [from *subordinatio*, Fr. from *subordinate*.]

1. The state of being inferior to another.
Nor can a council national decide, But with *subordination* to her guide. *Dryden.*

A series regularly descending.

If we would suppose a ministry, where every single person was of distinguished piety, and all great officers of state and law diligent in chusing persons, who in their several *subordinations* would be obliged to follow the examples of their superiors, the empire of irreligion would be soon destroyed. *Swift.*

TO SUBORN. *v. a.* [from *subornare*, Fr. from *subornare*, Latin.]

1. To procure privately; to procure by secret collusion.
His judges were the self-same men by whom his accusers were *suborned*. *Hooker.*

Fond wretch, thou know'st not what thou speak'st, Or else thou art *suborn'd* against his honour. *Shakespeare.*

Reason may meet Some specious object, by the foe *suborn'd*; And fall into deception. *Milton.*

His awful bosom heaves dissembl'd sighs; And tears *suborn'd* fall dropping from his eyes; *Prior.*

2. To procure by indirect means.
Behold Those who by ling'ring sickness lose their breath, And those who by despair *suborn* their death. *Dryden.*

SUBORNATION. *n. f.* [from *subornatio*, Fr. from *subornare*.] The crime of procuring any to do a bad action.

Thomas earl of Desmond was, through false *subornation* of the Queen of Edward IV. brought to his death at Tredagh most unjustly. *Spenker's Ireland.*

Upon the head of this forgetful man, And for his sake wear the detested blot Of murderous *subornation*. *Shakespeare. Hen. IV.*

The fear of punishment in this life will preserve men from few vices, since some of the blackest often prove the surest steps to favour; such as ingratitude, hypocrisy, treachery, and *subornation*. *Swift.*

SUBORNER. *n. f.* [from *subornare*, Fr. from *subornare*.] One that procures a bad action to be done.

SUBORNARE. *n. f.* [from *sub* and *borna*, Latin.] A writ commanding attendance in a court under a penalty.

SUBQUADRUPL. *adj.* [from *sub* and *quadruplus*.] Containing one part of four.

As one of these under pulleys abates half of that heaviness the weight hath in itself, and causes the power to be in a subduplicate proportion unto it, so two of them abate half of that which remains, and cause a *subquadruple* proportion. *Wilkins's Mathematical Magick.*

SUBQUINQUEPL. *adj.* [from *sub* and *quintuplus*.] Containing one part of five.

If unto the lower pulley there were added another, then the power would be unto the weight in a *subquintuple* proportion. *Wilkins's Mathematical Magick.*

SUBRECTOR. *n. f.* [from *sub* and *rector*.] The rector's vicegerent. He was chosen *subrector* of the college. *Walton.*

SUBREPTION. *n. f.* [from *subreptio*, Fr. from *subreptus*, Lat.] The act of obtaining a favour by surprise or unfair representation. *Dith.*

SUBREPTIOUS. *adj.* [from *subreptio*, Fr. from *subreptus*, Lat.] Fraudulently obtained from a superior, by concealing some truth, which, if known, would have prevented the grant. *Bailey.*

TO SUBSCRIBE. *v. a.* [from *subscribere*, Fr. from *subscribere*, Latin.]

1. To give consent to, by underwriting the name.
They united by *subscribing* a covenant, which they pretended to be no other than had been *subscribed* in the reign of King James, and that his Majesty himself had *subscribed* it; by which imposition people of all degrees engaged themselves in it. *Clarendon.*

The reader sees the names of those persons by whom this letter is *subscribed*. *Addison.*

2. To attest by writing the name.
Their particular testimony ought to be better credited, than some other *subscribed* with an hundred hands. *Whitejacket.*

TO SUBSCRIBE. *v. n.*

1. To give consent.
Onus, with whose hand the Nicene creed was set down, and framed for the whole Christian world, to *subscribe* unto, so far yielded in the end, as even with the same hand to ratify the Arians' confession. *Hooker.*

Advise thee what is to be done, And we will all *subscribe* to thy advice. *Shakespeare.*

If wolves had at thy gate howl'd that stern time, Thou should'st have said, go porter, turn the key, All cruels else *subscribe*. *Shakespeare's King Lear.*

So spake much humbled Eve; but fate *subscrib'd* not: nature first gave signs, impress'd On bird, beast, air. *Milton's Paradi. Lost.*

2. To promise a stipulated sum for the promotion of any undertaking.
SUBSCRIBER. *n. f.* [from *subscribere*, Lat.]

1. One who subscribes.
2. One who contributes to any undertaking.
Let a pamphlet come out upon a demand in a proper juncture, every one of the party who can spare a shilling shall be a *subscriber*. *Swift.*

SUBSCRIPTION. *n. f.* [from *subscriptio*, Latin.]

1. Any thing underwritten.
The man asked, are ye Christians? We answered we were; fearing the less because of the cross we had seen in the *subscription*. *Bacon.*

SUBSCRIPTION. *n. f.* [from *subscriptio*, Latin.]

1. The act or state of contributing to any undertaking.
The work he ply'd; Stocks and *subscriptions* pour on ev'ry side. *Pope.*

2. The act or state of contributing to any undertaking.
The work he ply'd; Stocks and *subscriptions* take who please, Leave me but liberty. *Pope.*

3. Submission; obedience. Not in use.
I tax not you, you elements, with unkindness; I never gave you kingdom, call'd you children; You owe me no *subscription*. *Shakespeare's King Lear.*

SUBSCRIPTION. *n. f.* [from *subscriptio*, Latin.] A subdivision of a larger section into a letter. A section of a section. *Dith.*

SUBSEQUENCE. *n. f.* [from *subsequor*, Latin.] The state of following; not precedence.
By this faculty we can take notice of the order of precedence and *subsequence* in which they are pass. *Gray.*

SUBSEPTIVE. *adj.* [from *subseque*.] Following in train.

SUBSEPTUPL. *adj.* [from *sub* and *septuplus*, Latin.] Containing one of seven parts.

If unto this lower pulley there were added another, then the power would be unto the weight in a *subseptuple* proportion; if a third, a *subseptuplus*. *Wilkins.*

SUBSEQUENT. *adj.* [from *subsequens*, Fr. from *subsequens*, Latin.] This word is improperly pronounced long in the second syllable by *Shakespeare*. Following in train; not preceding.

In such indexes, although small pricks To their *subsequent* volumes, there is seen The baby figure of the giant masts Of things to come, at large. *Shakespeare. Trell. and Cressida.*

The *subsequent* words come on before the precedent words. *Bacon.*

Why does each consenting sign With prudent harmony combine In turns to move, and *subsequent* appear To gird the globe and regulate the year? *Prior.*

TO SUBSCRIBE. *v. a.* [from *subscribere*, Latin.] To sign under.

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This article is introduced as *subsequent* to the treaty of Munster, made about 1648, when England was in the utmost confusion. *Swift.*

SUBSEQUENTLY. *adv.* [from *subsequent*.] Not so as to go before; so as to follow in train.

To men in governing most things fall out accidentally, and come not into any compliance with their preconceived ends; but they are forced to comply *subsequently*, and to strike in with things as they fall out, by postliminious after-applications of them to their purposes. *South's Sermons.*

TO SUBSERVE. *v. a.* [from *subservio*, Latin.] To serve in subordination; to serve instrumentally.

Not made to rule, But to *subserve* where wisdom bears command. *Milton.*

It is a greater credit to know the ways of captivating nature, and making her *subserve* our purposes, than to have learned all the intricacies of policy. *Glauville.*

The memory hath no special part of the brain devoted to its own service, but uses all those parts which *subserve* our sensations, as well as our thinking powers. *Walsh.*

SUBSERVIENT. *adj.* [from *subservio*.] Instrumental fitness to use.

Wicked spirits may by their cunning, carry farther in a seeming confederacy or *subserviency* to the designs of a good angel. *Dryden.*

We cannot look upon the body, wherein appears so much fitness, use, and *subserviency* to infinite functions, any other-wise than as the effect of contrivance. *Bentley.*

There is an immediate and agill *subserviency* of the spirits to the empire of the soul. *Hale's Origines of Manhood.*

There is a regular subordination and *subserviency* among all the parts to beneficial ends. *Chayne's Philosophical Principles.*

SUBSERVIENT. *adj.* [from *subservio*, Latin.] Subordinate; instrumentally useful.

Philosophers and common heathens believed one God, to whom all things are referred; but under this God they worshipped many inferior and *subservient* gods. *Stillingfleet.*

These ranks of creatures are *subservient* one to another, and the most of them servicable to man. *Roy.*

While awake, we feel none of those motions continually made in the disposal of the corporeal principles *subservient* here-in. *Gray.*

Sense is *subservient* unto fancy, fancy unto intellect. *Gray.*

We are not to consider the world as the body of God; he is an uniform being, void of organs, members or parts, and they are his creatures subordinate to him, and *subservient* to his will. *Newton's Opticks.*

Most critics, fond of some *subservient* art, Still make the whole depend upon a part; They talk of principles, but notions prize, And all to one low dolly sacrifice. *Pope.*

SUBSEXTUPLE. *adj.* [from *sub* and *sextuplus*, Latin.] Containing one part of six.

One of these under pulleys abates half of that heaviness the weight hath, and causes the power to be in a subduplicate proportion unto it, two of them a subquadruple proportion, three a *subsextuple*. *Wilkins's Mathematical Magick.*

TO SUBSIDE. *v. n.* [from *subsideo*, Latin.] To sink; to tend downwards.

He shook the sacred honours of his head With terror trembled heavy *subsiding* hills, And from his shaken curbs ambrosial dew distill. *Dryden.*

Now love suspends his golden scales in air, Weighs the mens wits against the lady's hair; The doubtful beam long nods from side to side: At length the wits mount up, the hairs *subside*. *Pope.*

SUBSIDENCE. *n. f.* [from *subsideo*.] The act of sinking; tendency downward.

This gradual *subsidiency* of the abyss would take up a considerable time. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth.*

This miscellany of bodies being determined to <